

Senate P. O.

# THE BRANDON MAIL.

VOL. 12. NO. 3

## LEGAL.

DALY & GOLDBECK Barristers, etc., Solicitors for the Imperial Bank of Canada, Royal Canadian Bank, etc., & Goldwell, Koenigs, Lewis, etc., Brandon, Man.

H. JACKSON, J.L.S., Surveyor and Civil Engineer, Municipal work, Bridge and culvertations, etc., specially authorized to make corrections in office surveys of Dominion Land Surveyor's boundaries invited, 100 York Hall, Brandon, Man.

## MEDICAL.

W. S. THOMSON, M.D. and C.M., J.R.C.P., W. S. Ed. Office, Fleming Block, Real Estate, Edgar's Terrace, Box 49, Brandon, Manitoba.

## DENTAL.

S. W. MCINNIS, Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College, Successor to Dr. B. D. Dentist, Office, Corner of 9th Street and Main Street, Gas and Paintless Extractor of Teeth, Teeth with Plates. Office always open. Telephone 475.

## HOTELS.

THE HIRUNSWICK HOTEL, is second to none in the City. One dollar per day. The best of food and comfort. Located on tenth St., between Pacific and Rossie Avenue. E. P. HOLLAND, Proprietor.

## BEAUHIER HOUSE.

The Beauhier House, opposite the Hotel, has been newly furnished and carpeted and is ready to receive the most distinguished guests. The best of stability and comfort. Farmers and others desiring the services of accommodation will do well to patronize us.

PAYNE & CO., Proprietors.

## FOR SALE AND TO LET.

HOUSE AND LOTS FOR SALE.  
Most conveniently located. Healthy. Prices  
and terms of payment reasonable.  
Address A. H. THE MAIL OFFICE.

HOUSE TO LET. In Dr. Spencer's terrace,  
between 10th and 11th Streets, warm and comfortable.  
Terms moderate. Address DR. SPENCER,  
10th Street.

## WANTED.

NOTE.—We want a Servant Girl, or  
Help to wash and advertise in the MAIL.  
Help to wash and advertise in the MAIL.  
Help to wash and advertise in the MAIL.

WANTED.—Everybody to advertise in the  
MAIL. Help to wash and advertise in the MAIL.  
Help to wash and advertise in the MAIL.

TEACHER WANTED FOR BLYTH SCHOOL.  
Tutoring for 6 months, an experienced  
teacher, salary and qualifications with  
reference to terms report to  
Dr. N. S. See, 10th St., Brandon.  
Classes begin on Feb. 1st.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

C. A. GUY,  
Watchmaker and Jeweller,  
100 York Avenue, between Fifth and Sixth Sts.

L. POWELL—STAMP FOR INFORMATION.  
L. Powell, De Kockwood, Brandon, Manitoba,  
South, British Columbia, Canada,  
has been away in California, Mex-  
ico, and Japan, and is now back through  
the Kirkwood Brothers, 31 Young St.,  
Toronto.

PROF. H. WIEGAND,  
OF HALKES'S GERMANI.  
TEACHER OF THE PHANOPHORE & ORGAN  
German language and Conversational Ger-  
man taught.  
Fee to come up to Mail Office.

REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE.

General Fire Insurance Agency.

## NOTICE.

Do you know that I have been appointed Agent for the Northwest Fire Insurance Company? The City of London Fire Insurance Company of London, England, capital \$100,000,000, and that I am prepared to renew existing insurances now held at the Agency, as also to accept new business? All rates of insurable property written at current rates. Apply to J. R. MALTBY,  
Agent for Brandon District,  
Hudson Block, Rosser Ave.

## DIED.

BOLTON At Boulthwaite, on Jan. 6th, 1894, Walter Roy, son of John J. and Elizabeth Bolton, aged two years five months and twenty days.

BRANDON ACADEMY AND BUSINESS COLLEGE.

## FOURTH YEAR.

OPEN FROM SEPT. 1ST, 1893, TO JULY  
1ST, 1894.

## STUDIES.

Preparatory and advanced English; Teach-  
ers' 30 and 111 Class; Preliminary, Main  
and Advanced Piano and Organ; Drawing;  
Pictorial and Practical; including  
Music Theory and Practice; Full or partial  
and part time taken; Evening Business  
Studies; Pictures and Illustrations at 8 p.m.  
For full particulars address

S. J. MCKEE,  
Box 180, Brandon.

**COWAN & CO.**

Business and Financial Agents.

Buying and Foreign Exchange bought  
and sold.

Money to loan on Real Estate and  
Personal Securities.

Office, Fleming block, Cor. Rosser  
Ave. and 10th St., Brandon, Man.

## A TRIP THROUGH THE N.W.

### Twenty Years ago—A New Year's Dinner in the Rockies.

Continued from last week.

I think if I remember right that it is about 16 or 18 miles long and you used to cross the pretty silvery trout stream twenty four or twenty five time before you got to the end of the Canon and arrive at the toll gate about seven miles from Silver City and twenty five or thirty from Helena. The journey from here to that city has nothing to mark it particularly, except it was Silver City which at the date I am writing of consisted of an hotel which combined post office, store and saloon, butchers shop and one other house, which rather confused my European ideas of a city.

Helena was a well and substantially built town with several good hotels and innumerable other ones, not of the first class, restaurants and saloons almost uncountable, some very good stores and everywhere a continual rush of business. Whilst staying at the St. Louis Hotel one day I met an old friend from Manitoba, C. H. who had crossed the plains from Winnipeg by way of Edmonton and had come from there south hoping to be able to strike a band of Indians to guide him and his friends through the Rockies, so that they could make the Pacific that fall, but in this they failed as the Indians said it was too late to cross. He and his friends therefore came on to Helena and the latter had continued their journey by stage to the Union Pacific railway some four hundred miles south. Shortly after meeting my old friend we started on a shooting trip to the Prickly Pear Canon, taking a tent and all the necessary camping outfit in a light wagon with a pair of ponies. Here we chose a pretty park like spot for our camping ground and at no great distance from the stage trail. The Canon was filled with that magnificent bird the blue grouse, partridges, some prairie chickens, and sage hens, hares and rabbits were also plentiful. One day we were in camp taking things easy noticed the coach or stage coming at an extra pace over the anything but safe road, the horses were stretched out into a furious gallop, even the passengers seemed uneasy, for a few of them had their heads out of the windows. Acting as Jehu was our old friend "Bilby A" who had left the Boundary on a prospecting tour, and by the assistance of a bottle of whisky had got the driver to all him to drive the coach at a rate over this piece of nice stage road much to the edification of the passengers. On seeing us there was a whoop that resounded through the canon for many a minute, the coach was stopped. A sighted, as did also most of the passengers except the coachman who was too tired, and all adjourned to our tent where we introduced them to a keg of pure Balsam, A saying that he would go no further.

After spending a few more days in the Canon we returned to Helena to make preparations for a deer shooting trip on the head waters of the little Prickly Pear. We had been given great accounts in Helena of the deer shooting to be had on a certain run-away at the head waters of this stream immediately after the first heavy snow storm, so we made preparations, laying in a large stock of provisions etc., intending to spend a month at least at this spot. It was distant from Helena about fifty miles over a good road to Silver City, and from there to Sandford ranch at the foot of the Rockies it was a very passable one, but from this point it was impossible to go any further with our wagon so our ponies were utilized as pack animals. It two days we had everything packed up to a deserted miners shanty within a quarter of a mile of the run-away. We had been here only a few days when a heavy fall of snow took place and we secured two black tailed deer, snow kept on falling daily and before we had been there three weeks we had secured seven deer. Our great ambition now was to secure an elk or moose, but though we had seen lots we had not been able to get one. One morning we woke up to find our shanty door piled up to the roof with snow and it still snowing hard, it was then getting near Christmas, and our intention had been to spend it in Helena but we found to our disgust that it was impossible to get our horses up from Sandford and it seemed doubtful if we could succeed in getting up any Christmas cheer to the shanty. A coun cil of war was held, at which it was decided one of us should go to Silver City and by some means get in the necessary supplies for Christmas or New Years. That night a great list was made out for the articles necessary, and never was such a quantity of good things itemized for a Christmas pudding we had lemons, candied peel of all description, almonds, butter and sweet currants, raisins, two bottles of brandy (for pudding and eggs for which we paid \$3.00 a dozen) not to mention a keg of the cup that cheers, but does enliven and a roast of beef this we thought would make it more English you know. Well the following morning lots had to be drawn to settle who should go to the city and get all the good things. The writer was the victim and he started on a large pair of Norwegian snowshoes which to the uninitiated I will describe; they are about eight inches broad and about six or seven feet long turned up in front, the snow has generally a crust on it and by the aid of a pole you push yourself along on the level or rising ground downhill the pole is used as a break and to steer clear of trees and debris that might impede your path and your pace is a sort of double that of the C. F. R. express a man has to be an adept in their use before he ventures on them. This the writer fondly imagined he was at the shanty, when practising, but ere the end of the journey was reached, he

## Farmers' Institute.

A meeting of the Farmers' Institute was held in the council chambers of the city hall on Saturday 6th inst., for the purpose of consideration of freight rates.

On motion of Mr. Nichol and Mr. Postlewaith, that Mr. Bedford was appointed chairman, Vice-President J. M. Roddick being absent.

The meeting then proceeded to elect a president, Mr. S. C. Doran being elected by acclamation.

## COMMUNICATIONS.

From South Brandon Farmers' Institute, published by us last week.

That the matter of these resolutions be laid over and considered at a special meeting of this Institute, on Saturday 13 inst.—Carried.

From Mr. White, of the C. P. R. saying that on account of pressing business he would not be able to meet the institute.

The president in addressing the meeting said that the farmers were becoming alive to the necessity of acting in their own interests. We may differ as to ways and means, but farmers should have one common desire, and in any action he would take he would have but one purpose and that would be to help farmers.

On motion of Mr. H. Nichol and J. E. Smith, Mr. Bedford was appointed Honorary President.

Reports of Delegates of the Central Farmers' Institute.

Mr. Postlewaith then read his report as one of the delegates to the Central Institute.

Mr. Bedford, in speaking of the meeting that struck him most was the general order and good feeling that existed among the delegates, all seemed to work in harmony, no cross firing from seat to seat but all seemed to have a unity of purpose.

Mr. Postlewaith then read his paper on freight rates.

Mr. H. E. A. Leach was to have read a paper, but had not time to prepare one, but instead read a long letter from Mr. Van Horne re freight rates, and defending the position taken by the Canadian Pacific Railway, and in which he (Mr. Van Horne) stated that rates were based on cost.

The speaker proceeded to show that this was not the case. Coal was hauled from the mines in the west and sold in Winnipeg at figures much lower than what the same coal could be sold at in Virden and other points west. Mr. Van Horne's argument that the country was sparsely settled could not be justified as he could boil it in. So a trip had everything ready, but our pudding was such a gigantic size that we had no pot that could hold it. Even a ten gallon keg would not hold good, because where the country is more densely populated there are parallel lines of railway which share the traffic.

It is estimated that the company had received one hundred and thirty five million dollars all told to build the road and had got exemption from taxation for twenty years. In the face of the facts that they have received all this aid we have a right to look to the company for concessions and more of a spirit of generosity.

Mr. Van Horne stated in his letter that all shippers had received exactly the same treatment, but Mr. Leach fully contested this and in support of his argument cited the differential coal rates, which from the mines in the west were higher to Regina, Virden, etc., than to Winnipeg. Mr. Leach went on to show that the cost of transportation was not nearly so high as claimed by the C. P. R.

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Mr. Leach thought that the question of fuel supply was one of great importance to farmers. Rates on coal from the west were based on the price Pennsylvania coal could be sold at, and it was altogether a question of competition.

The president thought that we were actually farming on shares with the C. P. R. and referred to the strength that company got by bribing our legislators leaving them free passes. He thought there should be a railway committee similar to the Interstate Railway committee of the United States, to whom they could hand their grievances for redress, and suggested the appointment of a committee to consider the matter and report at next meeting.

Mr. Whyte asked why the committee of the Central Institute did not meet the Railway committee at Ottawa and Mr. Leach replied that it was because there was no appropriation of money to pay expenses.

Mr. Percival asked if the Central Institute possessed sufficient evidence to justify them in laying a complaint before the Railway committee at Ottawa.

Mr. Leach thought that as one thousand and dollars was the limit of expenditure the Central Institute could go to in one year, they could well be excused for not going to Ottawa with witnesses.

Mr. Brown and Mr. Hall thought that those in power at Ottawa knew our grievances now as well as we do, and did not need information, and that we should keep up the agitation till we got redress.

On motion of Mr. Hall it was ordered that the secretary prepare a memorial to be forwarded to Mr. Daly setting forth the grievances of the farmers in regard to freight rates.

Mr. Hall—Mr. Nichol—That Mr. Leach and Mr. Postlewaith be a committee to draft a series of resolutions on the basis

of what we have been discussing. Carried.

Mr. Postlewaith thought that the Patrons of Husbandry, and this Institute should work together and make a stronger representation at Ottawa.

On motion it was decided to hold a special meeting on Saturday 13th inst., for the purpose of discussing the resolutions passed by South Brandon Institute, a copy of which was read at this meeting, also that the next regular meeting be held on Saturday 27th inst., at the usual hour.

The meeting then adjourned.

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On motion of Mr. H. Nichol and J. E. Smith, Mr. Bedford was appointed Honorary President.

Reports of Delegates of the Central Farmers' Institute.

Mr. Postlewaith then read his report as one of the delegates to the Central Institute.

Mr. Bedford, in speaking of the meeting that struck him most was the general order and good feeling that existed among the delegates, all seemed to work in harmony, no cross firing from seat to seat but all seemed to have a unity of purpose.

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# MURDER MOST FOUL.

## Port Credit Farmer and Wife Clubbed to Death.

### THE HIRED MAN SUSPECTED.

**Details of the Terrible Tragedy—The Old Man Found Slain in a Chair Dead—His Butchered Body Turned with Coat—His Wife Lying on Her Face on the Floor in an Adjoining Room—When and How the Brutal Deed was Done—Discovery made by the Neighbors.**

**PORT CREDIT, Dec. 17.—**One of the most atrocious and heinous double murders in the criminal annals of this Province was discovered this afternoon about a mile and a half from here on what is known as the Middle road, about midway between Dundas street and the lakeshore. The victim is William James Wilson, a widow farmer, owning and working a hundred-acre farm, and his wife, Mrs. Wilson. Wilson was about 70 years of age and had lived in this house fifteen years. His wife was probably 20 years his junior. They were a childless couple and lived alone, save for a hired man who had been with them for a month previous to last Wednesday, but who has since disappeared, and upon whom rest the terrible suspicions of the awful crime. The last seen of the dead couple was on Thursday last, when they drove into Toronto, as was their custom, with a load of butter and other supplies for market. They are known to have stopped at Nurse's Hotel at the Humber early in the morning, and are supposed to have returned in the usual way after disposing of their goods.

#### WHAT THE BOY SAW.

Nothing more definitely knew until Saturday afternoon, when Father learned Clayton Osborne, whose father lives just across the way, noticed that the place seemed deserted and called the attention of another neighbor named Ross Goldthorpe to the fact. Goldthorpe went over and finding the house locked up, went to the barn and discovered the horses and cattle starving. He watered and fed them and then, fearing some accident had befallen the Wilsons, he went into Toronto to-day and notified the police. This afternoon the couple did not show up, the lad Osborne, who was round the place again looking after the cattle, went to a rear window, over which the inside blinds had not begun to fall, nor did it till about 8:30 o'clock. On the way to Toronto they stopped at Nurse's Hotel in the Humber, where they were accommodated in disposal of some of their goods. Mrs. Wilson got out of the car in which they were driving, and went into the hotel. There was nothing wanted at the hotel, however, and she returned to the cutter, refusing the invitation to remain and warm herself, because her husband was waiting for her, and the water was, as she said, "running down her back." They then kept on towards the city, transacted their business in the usual way, and returned home in the evening.

#### ON THE HOUSE LOCKED UP.

On Friday night Howard Guthrie, a nephew of Mr. Ross Goldthorpe, who lives with him on the farm, brought some mail from Port Credit post office for Mr. Wilson. The boy, attending the High School at Oakville, where he goes by train from Port Credit daily. When he returned to the office he called at the post office and bring whatever mail there is for the Willisons in the immediate vicinity of his home, and Mr. and Mrs. Wilson as they were aged, and the old man himself crippled with rheumatism, looked to young Guthrie to bring their letters for them.

#### THE HOUSE DESCRIBED.

The house is a double front frame structure, with attic, standing back about one hundred yards from the road on the north side. The door opens into a living room about twenty feet square. On the right hand are two bed-rooms, and to the left a stairway leading to the attic. Behind the living room is a small kitchen, off which is a small pantry. Against the south wall of the kitchen to the left of the door leading from the front room is a small table, covered with a piece of marble cloth, and on it are the utensils which had been used at the last supper, eaten in the house. A couple of plates, with knives and forks on each, a couple of empty dishes, pepper and salt castors and saucers were there, but no food of any kind.

#### SAT DEAD IN A CHAIN.

In an arm chair at this table, with his back to the door from the front room, lies stretched stiff and stark the battered body of the murdered man. The body has fallen back, with the head hanging over the back of the chair, the arms hanging straight at either sides, the hands clenched, and the legs stretched straight out under the table. Over the head was thrown an old coat, which was glued to the skull with the congealed blood. The removal of the coat disclosed a sickening sight, at which the stanch heart might well quail and the most callous tremble. The neck and top of the bald head was crushed, bruised and battered, no less than six distinct blows being visible. The right eye was closed and swelled, and frightfully discolored, and the nose smashed over on the left side. The mouth was open, as in the last agonizing gasp for life. The whole of the face and head was steeped in blood, and the features were unrecognizable. On the floor under the head was a large pool of blood, in which lay a heavy top-hat, covered in hair and congealed blood, and with the nail wrenches off. The appearance of the dead man's head would indicate that the fatal wounds had been inflicted by that boot. The tablecloth, plates and cutlery on the table were spattered with blood, and the vital fluid had also marked the walls and curtains nearest the table. It is evident that the poor old man was attacked from behind, as he sat at the table, after finishing the evening meal, and he does not appear to have had a chance to raise a hand to save himself from the assassin's blow.

#### HIS WIFE'S LIFELESS BODY.

On the north side of the room, immediately opposite the door from the front room, is a door leading out into the rear premises, and behind this door was another big pool of blood. From this pool ran a stream of blood towards the foot of the room, and this stream turned at a right angle opposite the door into the little pantry to the right, and led into it. Opening this door, the second awful scene presented itself. Lying at full length on her face is the body of the murdered man's wife. She was only partly dressed, or else part of her clothing had been torn off in the death struggle. The right side of her face had been smashed completely in, and the head and upper part of the body were literally saturated with blood, while for a space of four feet square the blood was smeared over the floor. It seemed as if the poor woman had writhed and rolled in her death struggles. The maddened blows upon the woman's face had apparently been struck with a heavy blunt instrument, and a search discovered a wooden meat-pounder saturated with blood lying behind the door, about a foot from where the unhappy victim had been first struck down.

#### HOW THE DEED WAS DONE.

It would seem from all appearances that the murderer had entered by the front door just as the couple had finished their evening meal, and, while the wife was

sold in the yard, he had rushed in and struck down the old man. Then, seizing his brother, he had waited her return and killed her as she came back into the room. Neither body was fully clothed, and the theory is that the couple had come home wet through, and had taken off a part of their clothes to dry, as the old man's coat and his wife's flannel petticoat were hanging in front of the stove in the front room to dry.

#### THEIR ABSENCE FIRST NOTICED.

Not until this morning did fear for the safety of the old couple take possession of the neighbors. The house in which old Wilson and his wife lived is about equal distance between Port Credit and Coopersburg, and is two miles from each post town. Within 100 yards of it is the house of another farmer, Mr. Charles Osborne, steward-servant of the master, called the Middle road, while that of the Willisons is on the north side. At a distance of three hundred yards from the murdered people is the house of the Goldthorpe family, and a short distance from them is that of John Hickie. There is nothing about the house in which Williams and his wife lived to obstruct the view from Mr. Osborne's house, and as it is situated on an elevation the neighbors can usually see them going about the farm yard at their work. The house itself is a frame structure, with three rooms on the ground floor, one of which is used as a general living room, and the other two as bed-rooms.

#### WHEN LAST SEEN ALIVE.

On Wednesday morning Mrs. Goldthorpe, who understood that Mr. and Mrs. Willisons were going to Toronto with some produce, including few and butter, sent over to exchange for which she had killed for old Mr. Williams. Mrs. Williams told her that the old man had everything ready for the trip and said so. That was the last seen of the dead couple was on Thursday last, when they drove into Toronto, as was their custom, with a load of butter and other supplies for market. They are known to have stopped at Nurse's Hotel at the Humber early in the morning, and are supposed to have returned in the usual way after disposing of their goods.

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Nothing more definitely known until Saturday afternoon, when Father learned Clayton Osborne, whose father lives just across the way, noticed that the place seemed deserted and called the attention of another neighbor named Ross Goldthorpe to the fact. Goldthorpe went over and finding the house locked up, went to the barn and discovered the horses and cattle starving. He watered and fed them and then, fearing some accident had befallen the Willisons, he went into Toronto to-day and notified the police. This afternoon the couple did not show up, the lad Osborne, who was round the place again looking after the cattle, went to a rear window, over which the inside blinds had not begun to fall, nor did it till about 8:30 o'clock. On the way to Toronto they stopped at Nurse's Hotel in the Humber, where they were accommodated in disposal of some of their goods. Mrs. Wilson got out of the car in which they were driving, and went into the hotel. There was nothing wanted at the hotel, however, and she returned to the cutter, refusing the invitation to remain and warm herself, because her husband was waiting for her, and the water was, as she said, "running down her back." They then kept on towards the city, transacted their business in the usual way, and returned home in the evening.

#### ON THE HOUSE LOCKED UP.

On Friday night he saw their mail, and took it over on Saturday morning. He found the house closed, the blinds down and the doors locked, and, failing to get in, he put the mail matter in the latch of the door and went back home. Although no air was observed about the Willisons' house that day no notice was paid to this till late at night when Mrs. Goldthorpe spoke of it, and suggested that they might perhaps be ill. Yesterday morning, accordingly, Howard Guthrie, the nephew, was sent over to see that all was well, and if he could give any assistance in getting the stock, something he had been accustomed to do. The labor of attending beasts on the farm fell entirely upon Mrs. Wilson, who should, owing to the lameness of her husband, Young Guthrie endeavored to say that the old man was still alive and had slept while with the Willisons.

#### THE SUSPECT.

Little or nothing is known of the suspect, except that he had only been in the neighborhood a month, having previously, it is said, been in the employ of Arthur Godson, the Toronto contractor, at his works at the Humber. He is described by the neighbors as tall and slim, with a slight sweep, wore a heavy chin beard and light blue whiskers, of iron-gray color. He was about 65 years old, and, though no one seemed to know his name, he told the folks they could call him J.-K. Another report says his name was Jack Hardy. In the attic where he slept a Bible was found, on the flyleaf of which was inscribed "Robt. Wilson, Knapton Le Farm, 1880." None of the neighbors knew him, so it is possible to identify the missing man.

In addition to the man a democrat cutter and big black horse are missing. The stable stood seventeen hands high, and had white streak down the face. The tracks of the runners turned towards Toronto, but are lost just outside the gate.

The awful affair has not yet vicimally come to an end, and the letters he had left inside the latch were exactly where he had left them on Saturday morning.

#### THE ALARM GIVEN.

Fooling somewhat disturbed at this, Mr. Ross Goldthorpe, the boy's uncle, went over to investigate. He was equally unable to be successful in gaining an entrance to the house, and he believed the bars. He found the stable doors open and the horses securely driven by the old couple.

The stall was in readiness for the reception, however, being cleaned and bathed with fresh straw.

The cutter also was clean and locked, and the horses' heads and necks were there, but no feed of any kind.

**MISSING—John Wilson, aged 45 to 50 years, occupation farm laborer, weighing about 5 ft. 11 in., stockily built, round-shouldered, hairy, fuzzy chin and streaked with iron gray.**

He was last seen at the Humber farm, near Knopton Le Farm, 1880.

Young Guthrie endeavored to say that the old man was still alive and had slept while with the Willisons.

The house was closed, the blinds down and the doors locked, and the neighbors were unable to gain entrance.

The police will put themselves into communication with the Attorney-General's Department at the earliest opportunity.

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### The Brandon Mail.

THE MAIL is published every Thursday morning at the office of the Company, Daly & Caldwell Block, Brandon, Manitoba.

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THE MAIL PUBLISHING CO.

THURSDAY, JAN 11th, 1894.

### THE TRIBUNE AGAIN.

Of all the sick spittle prints that are in Canada to-day, the Winnipeg Tribune surpasses the whole of them. Mr. Greenway has said that his government until the tariff and railway rates are lowered, will spend no more money on immigration, and at once the Tribune shouts "Brave Greenway," and flies at the throat of the Ottawa government. The question is how are people to grow liberal minded under such contemptible scribbling. There is no doubt that our high tariff is a deterrent to settlement, and we hesitate not to say it is equally patent our high railway rates are in the way of speedy settlement, and the Federal government in making a loan to the company some years ago, missed a golden opportunity for arranging modified tariff rates. For these things they are blamable. But what next? Greenway & Co. themselves put a millstone around the necks of 150,000 people from which they will never be able to free themselves, in the shape of a mortgage of a million and a half of dollars whose interest will eat up the one-sixth of our revenue yearly, to secure a competing railway and all he got is an assurance his competitor will charge no more than the C.P.R. Now though the Tribune does not care the people of this country sufficiently lost to consistency and justice, to lash the one government and recommend the other to the confidence of the people? All we have to say is out on such journalism. Farther on the print says, "We would regret to see any agitation started against the C.P.R., for we recognize it has an immense interest in the country, and that it has none too easy a load to carry." When a few years ago, this R. R. had the same "interests" and the same load to carry; but when it was supposed to be friendly towards the conservative party, in the eyes of the Tribune and people of that ilk it was tearing the life's blood out of the people. Now, however, that it is supposed to be friendly with the Grit party, there is no noise to be made lest the hatching hen should be driven off the nest. It is belying crawling, dust swallowing scribbling like this, that is reducing this country to a condition of unrest that will result in untold injury.

### BROTHER CLAY ON THE RAM PAGE

Our dear brother Clay, of the Rapid City Reporter, is after Messrs. Parish & Lindsay in a manner that would do credit to Dan O'Connell's fish wife. It appears this firm have a contract with the G. N. W. C. R. people that prevents the erection of flat warehouses where they have elevators, and that's the offence that is moulding Clay into a mass of unquenchable fire. It is not that any other buyers can not purchase at points where their elevators are, and put their purchases through the elevator at 2 cents a bushel. Now it is a well known fact that in marketing there is a difference of that much between cleaned and uncleansed wheat, and that being the case the farmers are not losers by having their wheat put through elevators. The fact that no farmers under their corporate powers are now using the flat warehouses—that all are building elevators—is proof they are finding this true. In the controversy then the facts are all on one side and Clay on the other, which shows a very bad balance.

Again as P. & L.'s contract does not interfere with the erection of elevators, and as elevators are acknowledged by the farmers themselves to be the proper agencies through which to ship the monopoly P. & L. possess is about as strong as Clay's logic. But says Clay at some of these points there is not business for two elevators. Well, supposing so; if P. & L. are imposing on the farmers the competing elevators would get all the trade, and no one would then suffer but the alleged monopolists. Mr. Reporter, we fear the trouble is P. & L. do not subscribe for enough copies of your paper—it takes but a very small fire to put a very small pit into a very furious boil at any time.

### CONSISTENCY.

The Winnipeg Tribune declares Holman one of the deputy returning officers has been sent up for trial for opening his poll before the proper hour thereby allowing some bogus votes to be polled before the opposing scrutineer arrived, and

the Globe and the Tribune rejoice at the prospective punishment of a Tory official. These Grit prints can remember if they want to that about 15 years ago the now deceased Hon. Lafontaine, once a minister in the late A. Mackenzie's cabinet, in the constituency of Jacques Cartier, through the agency of a Grit returning officer had a hole cut through the floor of a polling booth the bottom of the ballot box, and a mutual friend below putting in a ballot marked for Lafontaine for every one deposited by legitimate voters against that gentleman, until at the close of the poll there were more Lafontaine ballots cast than there were bona fide voters in the division, and the Globe and all prints of the Tribune stripe endeavored to whitewash Lafontaine and his ballot box stuffer. In the Winnipeg case, it is clear that the ballot box man, if he did wrong, he did it on his own responsibility while the Grit stuffer did it at the connivance of the Hon. Lafontaine himself. In the one case the Grit prints suggest punishment and in the other they suggest whitewash. This is the consistency the public may look for in prints of the Tribune stripe. Will our Winnipeg confrere kindly publish this as a bit of history for its readers.

### WAIT AND SEE.

Even still the Grit scribes of Canada who have for the last six months been making the tariff revisions for the Federal government they propose to introduce the next session of the House, find their work so far is but imperfectly done and they might be compelled to begin de novo. In his utterances at Winnipeg, the other day, Senator Boulton said he believed the government would remove all duties against foreign agricultural implements. This does not appear to tally very well with the wisdom of the Ottawa correspondent of the Winnipeg Tribune who declared the other day the changes in the tariff would be but very few and unimportant. It is proper and right that the people of Manitoba should have their mind made up as to the changes that are necessary for this country, and equally right that they should demur if these changes are not made, but at the same time it does not show wisdom in any one to, at this juncture, continue gnawing the air. Sir John Thompson has said the government will meet the reduction across the line step by step, and if those proposed American reductions are made, and the Canadian government meets them step by step, Manitobans will have all the reductions they have any right to ask for. Those proposed at the farmers' meeting in the city hall here a year ago will be fully made, and as a people, that will be all Manitobans will have any right to look for. They will, as we have before frequently said, be fully justified in insisting on these, and nothing more. Under the circumstances the only sensible course for the people to adopt is to patiently await the opening of the House, nothing is to be gained by fighting the air in the interval.

### EDWARD BLAKE'S ENGLISH CAREER.

The following extract from the last December number of the Fortnightly Review summarises to a nicely the position Mr. Blake occupies in English politics and the limits of his usefulness in the British House of Commons.

"Mr. Edward Blake, who, whimsically was imported from Canada at the original suggestion of T. M. Healy, will go back again sometime at the spontaneous suggestion of an entire Irish party. Dr. Butt has been alluded to heretofore as an imitation O'Connell. It was hardly worth while to go so far for this late day for an inferior imitation of Butt. The Canadian is of present importance, because he has a vote on the party committee. He will attract a certain modified and restrained interest to the end of his career in Great Britain as the man who sold the Eighty Club with a haltingly-read manuscript 'rationo'."

Will the Times, the Sun and the Free Press please copy.

The Farmers of South Brandon suggest that the Government should allow the municipalities to select all their own court officers barring Judges. Where judicial and municipal divisions are co-extensive as is the case with the county of Brandon this could be easily done, but now would land officials situated as Mr. F. Burnett is at Belmont. He has a judicial division that is made up of portions of four counties, or in other words a "unit" was made for him by the joint effort of the obliging Greenway and the bland Fifteen. If the farmers' theory was adopted there might be a wholesale row amongst the faithful. In such a case the representatives of our county would want certain men for court officials and those of other counties would want others, and there would be no one to settle the warfare. If the resolution of the farmers was carried out, it would give Greenway & Co. no end of trouble, and we venture our best hat Mr. H. C. Graham, M. P. P. by grace of accident, will never consent to

Just now the Grit papers of Canada are scratching the backs of the C. P. R. right and left, and the people of Canada are anxious to know what it all means. Well, we are not a prophet or the son of a prophet, but we will venture our best however on one thing, and it is this. That the Grits of Canada have promised the C. P. R. Co., that in case they get into power next elections they will make the company the present of the Intercolonial railway, that has cost Canada \$40,000,000. For some years past the C. P. R. have been dickerling for that road to complete some valuable connections for them and though the Conservative Government have never found its operation profitable they have refused to sacrifice it because of its importance in case of war with the United States and for other valuable considerations.

Mr. J. T. McBride is out with another letter. He asserts that most of the machine manufacturers that did business in this country have either failed or compromised and therefore, their prices for machinery cannot have been too high. This is hardly good reasoning. Now supposing ten per cent is a good profit on groceries, supposing one grocer in Brandon bought up all the others, put up his profit to 30 per cent, and then sold to parties, three quarters of whom never paid him what would be the result. Would he not fail notwithstanding his large profits? These manufacturers did not fail because their percentage of profit was too low, but simply because they did not make goods suited to the requirements of the country and then sold too recklessly. Business like that would ruin even Rothschild.

The Catholic Review published at Winnipeg calls the P. P. A.'s "a disreputable association." We do not think that the Review will gain much strength by calling such names. Now supposing the Free Press, Tribune or Mail were to call the St. Patrick's organization a disreputable association what would the Review think of it? And yet any disinterested parties who might by any means know the workings of both would at least say from their standpoint the P. P. A. were as liberal as the others. As we understand it the P. P. A.'s are willing to allow every Catholic in the land all the privileges they enjoy themselves, but nothing more, they are opposed to allowing them to be pitchforked into this that or the other position, simply because of their religion, and they are right.

The Winnipeg Tribune is rubbing it into Mr. Daly because of a speech he made at a Board of Trade banquet in Toronto last week. This is certainly uncalled for. As a rule after dinner speech, as are expected to be short and amusing rather than long and instructive. Mr. Daly made the mistake of making one of the latter kind, and that is the only sin he has committed—a very small one for newspaper comment, to say the least of it.

### High Healing Powers are possessed by Victoria Carboil Salve. The best remedy for Cuts, Burns, Sores and Wounds.

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### THE EARLEE ICE CO.

want to keep you cool by supplying you with clear, pure ice at very reasonable rates.

10 to 12 lbs per day delivered to private families at \$2 per month or \$7.50 for the season.

Special low rates to parties using large quantities.

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### HEALTH FOR ALL

### HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS and BOWELS. They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions and are invaluable in all complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For Children and the aged they are PRIMELESS.

**THE OINTMENT** is an infallible remedy for Bed Sores, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For Disorder of the Chest it has no equal.

For SORE THROATS, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, and many SKIN DISEASES, it has no rival, and for Contracted and stiff Joints IT ACTS LIKE A CHARM.

Manufactured only by THOS. HOLLOWAY'S ESTABLISHMENT.

78, NEW OXFORD STREET, (Late 333 Oxford Street), LONDON,

and are sold at 1s. 6d., 5s. 6d., 1s. 2s., each Box or Pot, and may be examined by Medicine Venders throughout the World.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the Address is not OXFORD STREET, LONDON, THEY ARE SPURIOUS.

# ITS COMING YOUR WAY

## A LOWERING OVERSHADOWING SALE

Convincing Acts and Telling Facts.

# BONANZA BARGAINS

AT  
HALEY AND SUTTON'S,

The Store that can Satisfy your Taste and Spare your Pocket.

We are giving a discount of 20 per cent on all goods purchased from us for cash.

We do the Dress Goods business of the city, our sales in this department are far in advance of any previous season, and what is the cause? the fact that nowhere else, and the people know, are as good, new and stylish Dress Goods sold for as little money, also that the variety here is larger and better. Realizing that economy is the spirit of the times we are offering many lines at a discount of 50 per cent.

Ladies' and Childrens' underwear, a fine line of combinations at 10 per cent discount.

Hosiery, Corsets, Gloves and Handkerchiefs, all at 20 per cent discount. 50 per cent discount off Millinery, Remnants of all kinds at less than half price.

This is the month that makes the fur fly. Now is the time to buy furs at your own prices, we ask no profit, the whole stock must be cleared regardless of cost.

Clothing and Gents Furnishings at 20 per cent discount.

Mens', Youths' and Childrens' overcoats must be cleared, wholesale prices will do it.

All goods marked in plain figures and one price to all.

The one fifth reduction applies to the entire stock.

Kindly shop early in the day and avoid the afternoon rush.

## THE BRANDON MAMMOTH DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING HOUSE

Haley & Sutton,

### Man Wanted.

To take charge of Loc. Agency. No experience necessary. —hole or part time. Salary and expenses paid from start or liberal commission paid weekly. Good opening for right man. Be quick and write for full information. Will reserve territory for good man if unable to start now. Write at once. BROWN & BROS. CO., Nurseries, Toronto, Ont. (This house is reliable).

### NORTHERN

### PACIFIC.

TIME TABLE—Taking effect on Monday, Nov. 20th, 1893.

Morris-Brandon Branch.

East Bound	West Bound
Read up.	Read down.
MONDAY	TUESDAY
FRI.	SAT.
SUN.	MON.
MON.	TUE.
TUE.	WED.
WED.	THU.
THU.	FRI.
FRI.	SAT.
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Lord Aberdeen's Governor-General.

Lord Aberdeen, however, had hardly landed on Canadian shores before it was known that he was much more than a simple Governor-General. He was a man with a wide and catholic mind who recognized that while it was necessary to abide strictly within the constitutional limits of all political questions, which gives all but three-fourths of human nature, he was in a position which placed him and his family the obligation of exercising all the influence which any manly placed and cultured citizen is bound to exercise. There is no doubt that Lord Aberdeen will find ample opportunity of proving himself a servant in deed as well as in name. There is plenty to be done in Canada, and few men are so capable of doing it as is Lord Aberdeen. Traditionally and personally a Protestant, he has always cultivated the most friendly terms with Catholics, and one of the first and most significant of his actions in the Dominion of Canada was to overcome by a little kindly diplomacy the obstacles which have hitherto prevented the friendly meeting of the Governor-General and the Cardinal of Quebec. It may pass the wit of man to invent any way by which the French Canadian and the Orange Protestant can be prevailed upon to recognize that each are brothers in Christ as well as subjects of the Queen. If it could be done the Abberdeens are the people to do it. — From Character Sketch of Lord and Lady Aberdeen, by W. T. Stead, in the January Review of Reviews.

THE BRANDON AND SOUTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.  
Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to revive the Act of Parliament 53 Victoria Chapter 86, and to extend the time for the completion of the railway of the Brandon and South-Western Railway Company and to continue to the said Company after such revival all the rights, powers and privileges vested in said Company prior to the expiration of the time limited in the Railway Act for the commencement and completion of their railway, and also to amend the said Act in other respects.

J. F. PRUD'HOMME.

Secretary of the Brandon and South-Western Railway Company.  
Dated this 25th day of September, A. D. 1893.

CAMPAGNE DE CHEMIN DE FER  
BRANDON ET SUD-OUEST.

AVIS est donné par le présent que demande sera faite au parlement du Canada, à sa prochaine session, afin d'obtenir un acte remettant en vigueur l'acte du décret, 53 Victoria, chapitre 86, et prolonger le délai fixé pour compléter le chemin de fer de la Compagnie de chemin de fer de Brandon et Sud-Ouest, et continuer à la date compagnie, sous cette remise en vigueur, tous les droits, pouvoirs et priviléges conférés à la date compagnie, antérieurement à l'expiration du délai fixé par l'Acte des chemins de fer pour le commencement de la voie ferrée, et aussi l'effet de modifier le dit acte sous d'autres rapports.

J. F. PRUD'HOMME,  
Secrétaire de la Compagnie de chemin de fer de Brandon et Sud-Ouest.  
Date ce 25e jour de septembre A. D. 1893.

#### Cordwood for Sale.

A large quantity of seasoned (green cut) and dry cut cordwood for sale F. O. B. Bagot. Send or write for quotations. Any offer, received at reasonable figures, will be shipped at once. For particulars apply to J. C. LOWKE, Bagot, Man.

#### Dr. Fowler's

Extract of Wild Strawberry is a reliable remedy that can always be depended on to cure cholera, cholera infantum, colic, cramps, diarrhoea, dysentery, and all looseness of the bowels. It is a pure Extract

containing all the virtues of Wild Strawberry, one of the safest and surest cures for all summer complaints, combined with other harmless yet prompt curative agents, well known to medical science. The leaves

#### of Wild

Strawberry were known by the Indians to be an excellent remedy for diarrhoea, dysentery and looseness of the bowels; but medical science has placed before the public in Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild

#### Strawberry

a complete and effectual cure for all those distressing and often dangerous complaints so common in this changeable climate.

It has stood the test for 40 years, and hundreds of lives have been saved by its prompt use. No other remedy always

#### Cures

summer complaints so promptly, quietes the pain so effectually and allays irritation so successfully as this unique prescription of Dr. Fowler. If you going to travel this

#### Summer

be sure and take a bottle with you. It overcomes safely and quickly the distressing summer complaint so often caused by change of air and water, and is also a specific against sea-sickness, and all bowel

#### Complaints.

Price 35c. Beware of imitations and substitutes sold by unscrupulous dealers for the sake of greater profits.



Clifford Blackman  
A Boston Boy's Eyesight  
Saved—Perhaps His Life

By Hood's Sarsaparilla—Blood Polished by Canker.

Read the following from a grateful mother: "My little boy had Scarlet Fever when 4 years old, and I left him very weak and with blood poisoned with canker. His eyes became inflamed and his suffering was intense, and after seven weeks he

Could Not Open His Eyes. I took him twice during that time to the Eye and Ear Infirmary on Charles street, but their oculists failed to do him the faintest shadow of good. I then took him giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla and it soon relieved him. I have never doubted that it saved his sight, even if not his very life. You may use this testimonial in any way you choose. I am always ready to sound the praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla."

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil, with hypophosphites, and watch them grow Fat, Chubby, Healthy, Bright. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!

Brown & Sons, Boston. All Druggists, 50c & \$1.

Hood's Pills are hand made, and are perfect in composition, proportion and appearance.

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## MULLER ON THE RACK.

The Story of the Alleged Accomplice Badly Shaken.

MEYER'S LAWYER SCORES.

The Great Poisoning Case—The Chief Lawyer—Witnesses a Few—Accomplice—Admits Perjury, Bigamy and Swindling.

**N**EWS, NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—CONFESSIONEDLY a person previously a bigamist, convicted swindler, and generally an all-around scamp and a leading disreputable, Karel Muller set in the witness box yesterday and said avowedly the terrible story of Friday, by which the Director of the Illinois Central hopes to land De Henry C. F. Meyer in the electrical chair.

Undoubtedly he admitted that testimony he had previously given was false, with an honest amok he acknowledged he had a wife in Germany, qualifying this by the statement that, although they were married in church, he did not now do it a legal marriage, and time and again, without the slightest sign of embarrassment, he contradicted statements he had made when previously on the stand.

Mystery surrounds the case at every turn. The defense claims that Baum, who Muller is alive, is not his wife, but will admit the conspiracy to defraud the insurance companies, but declare that no man has committed a bigamous swindle having been instigated for the alleged sick man, De Henry C. F. Meyer.

"You were known as 'Plane Charlie,' weren't you, at this place, 109 Michigan Avenue?" asked Mr. Brooks.

Muller declared that he didn't know. He got \$1 a night and extras" for this work.

After a fortnight there he took a similar position at "Cora Pearl's," 112 Michigan street.

"At Cora Pearl's you were known as 'The Professor,' weren't you?" asked Mr. Brooks.

Muller didn't know. He got \$1 a night and such "extras" as passing the place down to him.

"You hadn't seen Rosalie yet?"

"No, sir," replied Muller, dejectedly.

Muller was half a year at Cora Pearl's, and six months in another place of the same sort. Then he had played in seven different houses in Dearborn street, dividing his talents among them highly. This brought him down to March 22, 1890.

"I lived at No. 190 Twelfth street during those years," said Muller.

"Had you yet become acquainted with Rosalie? The woman with whom you lived, introduced as your wife and called Rosalie?"

"Yes, sir. I met her at a disorderly house at No. 499 South Clark street, but I never passed her off as my wife," said Muller, frankly.

"I was arrested March 22d, 1890. I was arrested with George Parker, charged with swindling farmers by false advertisements for husbands for two young girls," said Muller, mockingly.

"I laid in the advertisements that a young girl of responsibility wanted to go married. I got answers from firms who wanted wives. Then I sent photographs of the young girl, and got some money," explained Muller in answer to Mr. Brooks's question.

"I was arrested and sent to jail in Chicago by a United States Commissioner. I was confined Jan. 20th and sent to Joliet Prison for using the mails for fraud. I was accused of schemes to defraud in the name of Rosa Muller," said the witness.

"I had known Parker three or four weeks. I had his home."

"How much money did you earn by that scheme?"

"About \$150 in two weeks."

"Up to that time you had never heard of Dr. Meyer, Parker, Baum or Baum, had you?"

"No, sir. I first met Parker in the jail. He was there for forgery. He was not confined in the same part of the jail as I."

HIS MEETING WITH MEYER.

"Parker was the name by which Gustave M. A. Baum was known in the jail," continued Muller. "I met him walking up the floor of the jail about April 20th, 1890. He had read in the newspaper that he was ill. He spoke to me and Parker, and we agreed to meet again after we came from the jail. We asked about our cases. I next saw him with Dr. Meyer, the latter part of May. I had heard of Dr. Meyer. He had become a prisoner a few days before. Parker introduced us. I never saw Parker speak to him again until we were both in Joliet Prison."

"Dr. Meyer came to the door of my cell in the jail early in June. He talked with me twenty minutes. He told it was not the first time he had been in Cook County Jail. He wanted me to write a letter to him to the German Life Insurance Company. He said he had been arrested for trying to defraud that company by forgery."

"I met Muller in the jail, and met him again in State prison; but did not know he was still in jail after his release. I met him at Joliet, when I met him at Dr. Meyer's."

"I was discharged from Joliet in May, 1890, and went as piano player to Miss L. G. in a 15-cent room. From there I went to Wm. M. Alexander's, No. 123 Casson House place, as a piano player. I was there one year."

"Mr. Baum was quick to notice the disappearance. A year brought the career of the rascal down to June, 1892, three months after the alleged killing of Baum. But Muller wiggled out of the lawman's grasp, saying he was not quite a year at Miss Alexander's disreputable place."

"Did your wife come from Germany with you, did she remain behind?" demanded Brooks, sharply.

"No, sir. Prosecuter McIntyre proved."

Justice Barrett said the witness must answer, and then Muller admitted that he left wife at St. Louis, in Germany. They had separated. He had sent \$200 to his wife Sept. 19, 1892.

"What have you got that money?"

"From Dr. Meyer."

"You're sure of that?"

"Yes, sir."

"When did you marry Mary Neiss?"

"April 24th, 1893. I first met her to Toledo, Sept. 26th. I met her in South Bend, Ind., next, and we were married to Toledo. I took her away from Dr. Meyer, Jan. 8th, and took her to 234 Twenty-fourth street, Chicago. That is a respectable house."

"How didn't she take her somewhere to make a living for you?"

"No, sir. We lived together, but were not married till April 24th."

To the next question he said the Chief of

the Toledo Police called on him and offered \$500 to him if he would locate Dr. and Mrs. Meyer. He agreed and led the police to the Meyer in Detroit, where he learned that he had been employed by the Pinkerton detective force. He was then declared that he had never seen any Pinkerton detective."

"A lawyer came to me," began Muller, when Mr. Brooks interrupted.

"Sure it wasn't a Pinkerton detective!"

"Oh, the officer of the Mutual Insurance Company! Did he pay you the \$500?"

"No, I got that of the Chief of the Toledo Police, July 19, 1893."

"What did Dr. Meyer say to you in the presence of Len Baum?"

"He said that Parker (Hersch Baum) had been arrested again in Cincinnati, and the P.D.P. said he was very sick."

"Miller stopped. He was confused for a moment, and then he declared that no king could wish that the Len could hear, but he admitted that she was present."

"Brandt told him the first time he ever saw him that he was going to bleed the insurance companies."

"He told me that he and Dr. Meyer were going to take out four insurance policies on four different companies in the name of Baum, but that he and Dr. Meyer had no money enough. He wanted me to go in and put up some money. I gave them \$2."

"Dr. Meyer said we should go to New York, hire a flat, put the name 'Baum' on the door bell and wait for us. New York was the place to come in plenty of stock men for us to collect. His insurance companies."

"Miller said that he and Dr. Meyer had no money enough. He wanted me to go in and put up some money. I gave them \$2."

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## LOCAL NEWS.

Carberry beat the Portage at hockey on New Year's night.

Mr. S. Hanna, of Griswold, has gone east on a couple of months holidays.

Hill, the Virden poisoner, is not hung, but to remain in prison for life.

Mr. Thos. Cleves left on Thursday last for a visit to Ontario.

Joseph Donaldson shipped a car load of hogs to Winnipeg on Saturday last.

The A. O. F. held a meeting to-night on important business.

The agricultural society held a meeting in the city had on Friday Feb. 9.

Mr. J. B. White is spending the rest of the winter in the Southern States.

Mrs. W. Watson of Belmont is stoppin-  
at Mrs. Cottongham's.

Mr. A. J. Hughes, of Souris was in the city on Friday last.

Mr. A. S. Rose has charge of the Normal School now in session in Brandon.

William Newlove, a laboring man of Virden, won \$5,000 in the Louisiana state lottery the other day.

The C.P.R. locomotive firemen held a concert in the Opera Hall here on the evening of the 11th inst.

Mrs. Spencer of Calgary and Mrs. Brightford of Regina, were taken to the Asylum on Thursday.

Mrs. James Tedder, of Rapid City, in returning from Brandon last week had one of her feet considerably frozen.

The family of Mr. Wheatland is severely afflicted with scarlet fever. The wife and a daughter, Mrs. Healy, of Oak River have died of that disease.

Mr. J. A. Christie has sent four teams and a large gang of men to the lumber woods in the Riding Mountains, so he must be preparing for a large cut.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by N. J. Halpin, Druggist.

Mr. George Chipperfield who has been spending his holidays with friends in the city, went to Winnipeg last Monday to resume his studies at the Medical College there.

Wood Bros. store at Forest Station was destroyed by fire Friday night. Loss about \$15,000, insurance \$3,000. This will be a severe loss to them, as they had but recently commenced business.

The First Masons of the city attended divine service in a body at the English church on St. John's Avenue last, where an able and appropriate sermon was delivered by the Rev. Mr. Harding.

Mr. T. E. Atkinson started a tea emporium on River Avenue, 1st door west of the Telephone central office. He will carry certain specialties only, which will be tea, coffee, cocoas, and baking powder.

Senator Boulton is going to lecture in Winnipeg on "the principles of government." He will only show how a government can run without a revenue, he will be accomplishing a great deal, and setting himself right before the people.

The Brandon Sun says it is given out that Mr. Cliffe, of the Mail, is to take charge of a Conservative paper in Winnipeg, and that Mr. Luxton is to locate in Brandon. This has been given out in the Sun office no doubt, but that is the only authority for "the news."

John Fraser of Pilot Mound was a County Court Clerk. He was also, and to date still is, a Conservative. Irregularities are charged against him and he is dismissed. We will bet our last cent that there is some grit in Pilot Mound pressing the Government for the position.

A lime light exhibition given by Mr. Ross, will be held in the Methodist church on Thursday and Friday next, 18th and 19th inst., under the auspices of the Ladies Aid, which both old and young are invited to attend. Tickets 25 cents and children two for 25cts. Door open at 6.30 o'clock. Begins at 7 sharp.

Rheumatism cured in a day—South America Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause, and disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cents. Sold by N. J. Halpin, Druggist.

Mr. W. M. Rose and family left on Monday last for their new home in California. In the departure of this gentleman Brandon loses one of its oldest and best citizens. He was highly respected by all who knew him. Before leaving his many friends presented him with an address and a purse containing one hundred and forty dollars in gold.

F. Berman has opened out a Tailoring establishment, opposite the Post Office. All kinds of clothes Cleaned, Repaired and Pressed in first-class style. All kinds of Dyeing done. Furs of all kinds fixed at the most reasonable rates and perfect satisfaction guaranteed. All kinds of Goods Bought and Sold. P. G. 512—September 20, 1893, 12 mo.

The Nor-West, Winnipeg's proposed paper will appear in about thirty days.

The Brandon senior and junior Hockey teams are hard at practice.

There are some cases of typhoid fever in the Oak River district.

The Rev. Dr. Douglas, of Wesley College, is seriously ill.

The Farmers' elevator at Rapid City is said to be going into liquidation.

The skating rink will have a carnival on Tuesday, January 30.

The Pacific express was cancelled on Tuesday last and arrived on Wednesday at 9 a.m.

Dalton McCarthy will make things hum, when he reaches the prairie Province in July.

Mc Albert Dawson, manager in Winnipeg for J. T. Wells & Co., arrived in the city yesterday.

James Robinson and Co., of this city, are now stock taking and preparing for next season's business warfare.

The evidence is fitting tighter and tighter around, J. R. Hooper, the alleged wife poisoner, of Port Hope.

The Pirates of Penzance entertainment netted the handsome sum of \$120 for the profit of this city.

Mr. W. H. Bartlett, of Winnipeg, has taken over the management of the drug business lately run by Rose & Co.

St. Matthew's Church juveniles will hold their holiday entertainment in the City Hall to-morrow evening.

G. R. Conwen, and J. A. Christie, of this city, have been appointed directors of the Farmers' Provincial Loan Co. of Toronto.

A special meeting of the Farmers' Institute will be held on Saturday Jan. 13 to discuss the resolutions passed by the South Brandon Farmers Institute.

The Rev. Mr. Harding, of St. Matthew's, has received an offer from a congregation in Ontario, but we are unable to say how he intends to dispose of it.

Our Collegiate has organized a football club with the following officers: G. D. Wilson, Hon. President; O'Shea, President; F. Irwin, Sec-Treas.; H. Bewell, Captain.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woodford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Warranted by N. J. Halpin, Druggist, Brandon.

Rev. Geo. Rogers, late rector of St. Matthew's church, Brandon, now superintendent of church of England missions in Winnipeg, left for Ontario on Monday evening.

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted who are broken down from excess or over work, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids, and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will-power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with leaden circles, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function wastes in consequence. Those who through abuse, committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address to book on diseases peculiar to man, free sealed, Address, M. V. LI BON, 24 Macdonald Ave., Toronto, Ont.

At the meeting of the School Board last Friday, Mr. Christie was chosen chairman. The committee struck were Management—Mason, Darrah and Mac Donald. Finance—Malby, Lang and Madona. Property and Supply—Hansbury, McLeod and Lang. The resignation of J. R. Brown, standard VIII was accepted and W. Findlay, of Rapid City, was chosen in his place. A petition for a ward school north of the track was presented saying there are 175 children of school age north of the track. Malby, Lang and Darrah were appointed a committee to look into the matter.

## Hospital Items.

There are ten patients in the hospital at present.

The first freezing case of the season for this hospital was admitted on Friday 29th ult. He is bilious for three or four weeks and will go out with toes less than he came in with.

Nurse Wilson went to Wheatland last Wednesday to nurse several cases of scarlet fever in the family of Mr. Nesbit.

There are four nurses out at present.

A most enjoyable time was spent at the hospital on Christmas Day. The kind-hearted matron spared no pains to make everybody happy. The rooms were beautifully decorated. During the forenoon the patients enjoyed themselves very much, those who were able, taking part in the games and vocal and instrumental music by the nurses. At twelve o'clock all leave up to enjoy a good Christmas feast, which they did as well as the good things on the table was enough to make one hungry, after dinner all repaired to the ward where amusements were again begun.

The organ had been taken to the ward to be used there for the afternoon by the nurses. The day closed with everybody happy.

The Treasurer wishes to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of four sacks of flour from the curling club.

## ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted who are broken down from excess or over work, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids, and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will-power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dullness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with leaden circles, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function wastes in consequence. Those who through abuse, committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address to book on diseases peculiar to man, free sealed, Address, M. V. LI BON, 24 Macdonald Ave., Toronto, Ont.

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The greatest existence of the dangers of Cholera, Morbus, Diarrhoea, and Dysentery, is the increase in the death rate of all the leading cities during the summer months. Men and women cannot be too careful of their habits of life during the heat of summer, and particular attention should be paid to the diet of the patient. A supply of Perry Davis' Pain killer should always be had, for it is the only medicine that can be relied on at all times as safe, sure and speedy. A teaspoonful will cure any ordinary cases but in severe attacks it is occasionally necessary to bathe the sufferer's stomach with the Pain Killer. All reputable druggists have it for sale. 25 cents price per large bottle.

**The Family Medicine**

Trout Lake, Ont. Jan. 2, 1890  
W. H. CONSTOCK, Brockville.

Dear Sir—For a number of years I have used and sold your "Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills." I consider them the very best for "Family Use," and all my customers speak highly of them.

Yours truly,  
R. Lawson

## RICH PLUM PUDDING.

THIS delicious confection is nicely calculated to produce dyspepsia, heartburn, bilious troubles and headache. Burdock Blood Bitters is equally well calculated to cure these troubles and has proved its powers in hundreds of cases. B. B. B. regulates and purifies the entire system.

## The Uxbridge

### PIANO AND ORGAN CO.

Have two of the Best Equipped factories in the Dominion.

They have a new six octave organ in Piano case, without stops, patent keys. This organ has become a great favorite. The orders come in faster than they can be filled. Their Pianos are managed by a man of lifelong experience from Boston, Mass.

In Toronto, where competition is keenest, contest. Every instrument warranted five years. See

If you want to save money in your holiday trade, go there. The stock is very complete.

### Remember

The MAIL Book Store, just west of Merchants' Bank, Brandon, is selling Plush Goods, Xmas and New Year's Cards, Books, Toys, Fancy Goods, and all Holiday Goods from 20 to 30 per cent cheaper than any other house in the west. If you want to save money in your holiday trade, go there. The stock is very complete.

## For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child, suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth. Send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

## An Honest Offer.

If you have Cataract we will send you a Germicide Inhaler and Medicine without a cent to pay in advance. After you have given it a fair trial and you are thoroughly satisfied that it is a genuine remedy you can pay us \$3.00 for same. But if you are not, no charge will be made for what you have used and we will take the instrument away at our expense. Order to-day. You run no risk. We do not ask you to remit in advance or take any chance. You anything be more fair! Address, Medical Inhalation Co., 450 Yonge St., Toronto, Canada.

## NOTICE.

This notifies the public that I have purchased the tinware and stove business lately carried on by E. R. Story, including all the book accounts. Settlement of all accounts must be made without delay. In the tinware and stove departments new additions have been made to meet all demands at the lowest prices.

## W. MILLER

### Spring and Summer 1893.

#### J. DAVIDSON, TAILOR,

In thanking his friends for their liber-

a patronage during the last

three years, desires to say

that he has on hand an ex-

cellent variety of goods suit-

able for this season's trade

which he offers at very low

prices. We do business on

the small profits and quick

return system.

Call and see our goods and get

prices.

## J. Davidson

Next Door to C. P. R. Telegrap-

Office, Rosser Avenue.

## GREAT NORTH WEST CENTRAL

### RAILWAY.

### Time Table.

IN EFFECT MONDAY, November 20 1893.

A Mixed Freight and Passenger train, on

Monday Wednesday, and Friday.

Going north West road down.

NO. 1

Leave Brandon 7.00

Arrive Chats 8.25

Forrest 10.45

Vernon 18.15

Petrol City 27.6

Pettipiece 32.3

Oak River 10.5

Hamilton 8.2

Leave 12.30

Arrive Brandon 9.00

Arrive 16.15

Chats 15.30

Forrest 14.32

Vernon 14.28

Petrol City 15.50

Pettipiece 13.34

Oak River 13.00

Hamilton 12.30

Arrive Brandon 12.30

Arrive 16.15

Chats 15.30

Forrest 14.32

Vernon 14.28

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